

T-COUPLER M12 FEMALE/M12 FEMALE+M12 MALE 0°

Art.No.: 332762 Weight: 0.027 Country of origin: DE

Model designation: MSB02UL0-BU-AU

T-coupler

Female straight - female/male straight

M12 – M12, 5-pole Parallel circuit

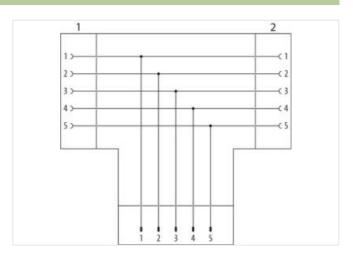
Plastic housings with good resistance against chemicals and oils.

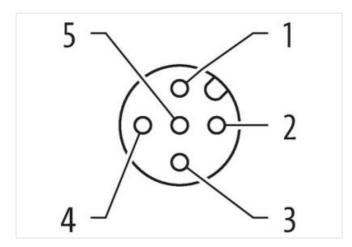
The resistance to aggressive media should be individually tested for your application. Further details on request.

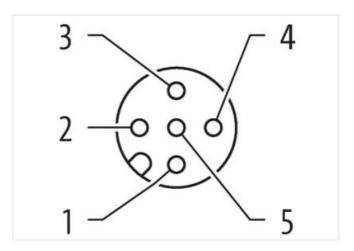
Link to Product

Illustration



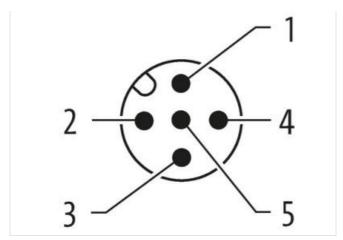


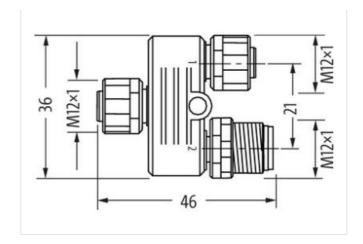






stay connected





Product may differ from Image

Commercial data	
ECLASS-6.0	27279218
ECLASS-6.1	27279221
ECLASS-7.0	27440104
ECLASS-8.0	27440104
ECLASS-9.0	27440106
ECLASS-10.1	27440106
ECLASS-11.1	27440106
ECLASS-12.0	27440106
ETIM-5.0	EC002635
customs tariff number	85366990
customs tariff number	85366990
GTIN	4048879257916
GTIN	4048879257916
Packaging unit	10
Packaging unit	10
Electrical data Supply	
Operating voltage AC max.	24 V
Operating voltage DC max.	24 V
Current operating per contact max.	4 A
Installation Connection	
Tightening torque	0,6 Nm
Mounting set	M12 x 1
Device protection Electrical	
Degree of protection (EN IEC 60529)	IP67
Additional condition protection degree	inserted, screwed
Rated surge voltage	1,5 kV
Mechanical data Material data	
Coating locking	Nickeled
Locking material	Zinc die-casting
Mechanical data Mounting data	
Mounting method	inserted, screwed, Shaking protection
Environmental characteristics Climati	c
Operating temperature min.	-25 °C
Operating temperature max.	85 °C
Important installation notes	

The information in this Product-PDF has been compiled with the utmost care. Liability for the correctness completeness and topicality of the information is restricted to gross negligence. Version: 2025-05-12



Note on strain relief	Protect the connectors by suitable measures from mechanical loads, e.g. by the usage of cable ties.
Note on bending radius	Attention: Observe the permissible bending radii when laying cables, as the IP protection class can be endangered by excessive bending forces.